BULLETIN NO. 3.

BATTISFORD RED CRAG 'DIG'

The primary purpose of the Geological Group excavation of 8 January 1967 was to expose and collect from the shelly Red Crag gravel recorded at Battisford (GR/TM 061538); previous literature on the site is given at the end of this article.

The excavation ('F' in fig. 2) was in the base of the pit. Water was struck at a depth of only one foot, but fortunately the first shell fragments were found at about the same level; excavation into the shelly gravel continued for 3ft. 4im. below water level (fig. 1), at which point baling and digging were reaching a state of equilibrium. A pickaxe was usefully employed on a thin but tough 'ironstone' layer near the base of the hole.

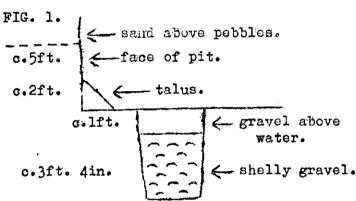


Fig. I (excavation of 8.1. '67) shows that (allowing for talus) c. 7ft. pebbly gravel is exposed above the base of the pit, giving a total of c. llft. 4in. proved (the base not being reached).

A provisional list of fossils found is given below-

Anomia sp.? (1) (Bivalves) (Gastropods) Neptunia contraria N. sp. (dextral) Ostrea edulis Nucella lapillus? Pecten maximus (1) Natica sp? Chlamys opercularis Columbella sp? (1) C. harmeri Turritella incrassata C. dubius? (1) Glycimeris glycimeris Trivia sp. Emarginula reticulata? Venus casina? Diodora aperta V. sp? Calyptraea chinensis (1) Astarte obliquata A. omalii Woodia digitaria Cliona (borings) (Sponge) "Tapes" sp. Cyprina sp. Cardita senilis? (Corals) Balanophyllia calicula Cyclocardia sp. Sphenotrochus intermedius (1) Dosinia exoleta Spisula sp. Mactra glauca? Bryozoan Mya arenaria Corbula sp. Panopaea faujasii Barnacle valves Pholad Mytilus edulis Ensis sp. Macoma obliqua (including Terebratula sp. double valves) Tellina benedeni? (1) Gastrana laminosa Echinoid spine Cardium edule

C. parkinsoni C. interruptum? R ay teeth (Vertebrates)
Wolf-fish teeth
Shark teeth, mainly odontaspid, but
including Corax sp? (1).
Fish scale?
Bone fragments

Sponge? in flint (1) (Derived Cidarid spines. material). Echinocorys fragments
Inoceramus fragments (mainly as beekite).
Belemnites (Gonioteuthis)

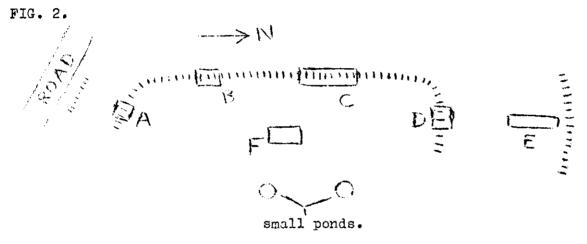
Ammonite chamber (phosphatised)

Boring (mollusc?) in phosphatic nodule.

Most of the shells are broken. Neptunia contraria, Turritella, Glycimeris, Cardium spp., Astarte chliquata, and Balanophyllia are common and characteristic. Several double valves of Macoma oblitura were found. "Tapes" fragments were unusually common, and the apparent absence of Massa was noticeable. Of particular interest are the cf. Corax tooth and the ammonite chamber (both rarities in the cras).

Most of the pebbles are flint, and phosphatic nodules are common. One large boxstone was found, but unfortunately broken at both ends by misplaced enthusiasm, and neither end collected; the centre portion measures c. 6" in length.

An investigation into the nature of the sand above the pebble bed was begun at E (fig.2) but was abandoned due to lack of time.



The cold weather during the dig did not deter a hardy band of diggers (Messrs. C. &D. Butcher, C.Garrod, P.Grainger, M.Dix, S.MacFarlane, R. Markham, J.Norman & J.Walker, Mrs. Walker (and dog!) and the Misses S. Olley and K. Wagner. P.Madgett and two geological friends paid us a visit, as did the local Constabulary (what that gentleman thought of a dozen people digging in a disused, snow-filled pit I do not know; however, he seemed satisfied with our intent). Hot soup (chicken, and oxtail), cooked on the site, warmed us at lunch and tea, and togother with an ingeniously devised plastic 'tent' and success with the excavation, did much to make cold feet, digging under water, and the snow storm so bearable.

I wish to thank Mr. T.F. Harwood for permitting us to dig on his property; also Mr.P. Laughlin for the door-to-door transport for many of us, Ipswich Museum for the use of equipment, the writer's father for supplying the soup and cooking utensils, and S. MacFarlane for heating arrangements.

Notes on pit faces (from previous visits), see fig.l.

A --coarse pebbles and sand; sharks and ray teeth, bone fragments, cheilestome bryozoans in hollows of flints, gastropod cast (?Neptunea/Nucella).

C -- Chalky till on pebbles (with shark and ray teeth, bone fragments, casts of shells -Cardium, ?Spisula).

B --Till on pale yellow sand (a few inches only here) on pebble bed (see fig.l.).

D --- Pebbles; sharks (including Lama obliqua) and ray teeth, bone fragments, cheilostomes.

Other fossils seen by the author are a rhynchonellid (derived) and two broken teeth which seem referable to <u>Carcharodon</u>; additional specimens already in Ipswich Museum are <u>Chlomys ?tigerina</u>, ?<u>Isurus hastalis</u>, also a mytilid (cast of double valve).

R. Markham.

Previous literature:-

Cambridge, P., 1950. Trans. Suff. Nat. Soc., Vol. VII, Part II, p.66. Hascot, A New Crag-Pit. Fossils at Battisford.

At the foot of Hascot Hill, on the right of the road from Barking to Battisford, is a large excavation locally known as the Flint Pit and much overgrown by herbage. The basal six or seven feet of its face consist of fairly large water-rolled flints in a matrix of quite coarse red sand, with numerous small phosphatic nodules similar to those found in the basement bed of the Red Crag, having associated teeth of Sharks and fragments of vertebrate bones. When digging in the lowest part of the pit last spring, I came across shelly sand, containing many complete mollusea and numerous debris of a typical Crag fauna; these resemble those of the Red Crag basement bed, excepting the much greater abundance of Cretaceous forms, the more worn condition of the derived Eocene fossils, and the total absence of Box-stones. They are: Neptunea contraria, Turritella spp., Arctica (Cyprina)sp., Astarte omali, Laj. and A. ?burtini, Cardium angustatum, C. ?parkinsoni and C. (Cerastoderma) edule, Chlamys opercularis, Thais (Nucella) lapillus, and Pectunculus glycimeris.

Spencer, H.E.P., 1951. The South-Eastern Naturalist and Antiquary, Vol. LV, p. xxvi.

Geological Records. Suffolk -1 inch N.S.207; 6 inch 65 N.E..

Of the pit at Hascott Hill, ½ mile S.E. of the Church at Battisford, P.G.H.Boswell remarks (Mem.Geol.Surv., Sheet 207)..."there is much Crag detritus in the gravel". Further excavations made by P.Cambridge and the author showed the lower part of this deposit to be typical shelly Crag but abnormally stoney. The upper part of the pit consists of Chalky Boulder Clay with glacial Sands and Gravel below, these resting on 11 ft. of pebbles with some harder Red Crag detritus ('coprolites', sharks and ray-fish teeth). The lower 2ft. is shelly becoming increasingly so towards the bottom which was not reached. The stoney nature of the Crag suggests the close proximity of the shore of the Crag Sea. The stoney Crag contains a few slightly rolled flaked flints which appear to be human artifacts.

Baden-Powell, D.F.W., and R.G.West, 1960. Proc. Geol. Assoc., 71, pp. 61-80.

Summer Field Meeting in East Anglia. Report by the Directors.

... a visit to the recently discovered beach deposits of the Crag sea... The section south-east of Battisford (62/063540) showed well-rounded flint shingle with very few other rock fragments of any kind, except for small phosphatic pebbles. As far as is known, this is the first time a shore deposit of the Crag sea has been seen in this area, and its height has been determined as about 150feet O.D. Mr. Cambridge said that as the lamellibranch Cardium angustatum has been found among other shells in the lower part of the deposit, it is unlikely to belong to an earlier stage of the Red Crag than the Newbournian. No mollusca were seen during this particular visit except one cast of Mactra sp., but derived teeth found by Mrs.E.M.Evans have been identified by Mr. Cambridge as belonging to the genera Myliobatis, Aetobatis and Lamna. Mr. Larwood has reported that members of the party also collected several specimens of Cheilostome Polyzon preserved in hollows in battered flint pebbles. These included Escharella immersa, three specimens; Amphiblestrum trifolium, eight specimens; and Electra sp., two specimens. One worn zoarial fragment may be assigned to Microporella sp.. Mr. Spencer said that pebble tools had been found here similar to those at Darmsden.

Spencer, H.E.P. Itinerary for Geologists' Association Weekend Meeting at Ipswich, Whitsum 1965.

Battisford --.....The presence of polyzoan colonies encrusting pebbles proves the deposit undisturbed by ice. The beach formation rests on chalk and is baried under glacial sand and Till. Shells occur in the lower part of the bed and impressions of shells in the upper part proves its former

fossiliferous character. A considerable area of Crag sands are recorded from well bores west of Battisford which may have been an island in the Crag sea.

Spencer, H.E.P., 1966. Proc. Geol. Assoc., vol. 77, pt. 3, p.371--'Field Meeting in the Quaternary of East Suffolk'

'...The Beach is buried below glacial deposits and consists of large well-rounded flint pebbles, some of which have encrusting colonies of Polyzoa still preserved. Hollows representing vanished mollusca were seen in consolidated ferruginous sand. Fragments of catacean bones in a similar state of the mineralisation to those from the Red Crag Basement Bed were found together with sharks' teeth, including one of Carcharodon megalodon, which was derived from the Miocene; also phosphatic nodules.

Spencer, H.E.P., 1967. Trans. Suffelk Nat. Soc., vol.13, pt.5.

'The Geological History of the Orwell-Gipping System'

*...Red Crag Sea, of which a remnant of the pebbly-beach deposit, about eleven feet thick and situated 150 feet above the present sea level, is preserved at Battisford (GR 061538). From well borings west of that parish, some of which appear to have over one hundred feet of Crag Sands, there seems to have been an island here in the Crag Sea.

...on the west side of the Hascott Hill valley.....where the pebble bed has been exposed to eleven feet. At the top of the bed impressions and casts of mollusca are poorly preserved but lower: down near the water table shells occur between the stones some of which retain encrusting species of polyzoa. Shark's teeth and fragments of cetacean bone such as are found in the Crag Basement Bed sparsely occur.

The deposit is buried below glacial sand and Lowestoft Till. A veri in the village penetrated ninety-five feet of glacial drift and about 100 feet of grey and green Crag Sands.

INTERGLACIAL BEDS AT BEETLEY, NORFOLK.

The 1964 discovery of richly fossiliferous 'interglacial' beds at the R oosting Hills, Beetley, Norfolk, pit of the St. Ives Sand and Gravel Co. is of importance in deciphering the Pleistocene history of Central Norfolk.

The following sequence was exposed in part of the pit:
H -Greenish (greyish when dry) stony silt

G -Pale-coloured sand

F -Black (grey when dry) silty sand

E -Pale-coloured, sub-angular sand and gravel

D -Black sand and gravel

G -Black (light grey when dry) organic silt

25in.

G -Black (light grey when dry) organic silt B -Grey-green (greyish when dry) silty sand, with stones

and chalk pebbles 28in.

A -Coarse, yellow-orange sand and gravel

c.15ft. (max. seer).

In the northern part of the pit, the organic beds are absent; bed H apparently resting directly on A.

Typical Cannonshot Gravel is exposed in pits higher up the southern sides of the valley (a tributary of the River Wensum) in which the Beetley Beds occur.

Notes on Beds

- B -fairly compact silty sand; large stones at base. Contains small angular and subangular flints, abundant small fragments of fairly Lord chalk; Inoceramus fragment, fragments of wood (often slightly carbonised) and small pieces of planty material.
- C -organic silt, containing abundant small pieces of plant material and many fragments of non-marine molluses. Pieces of conifer wood, often several feet in length, are common near the base; a fir-cone was found in situ in this bed. Fragments of plant stem (some flattened), seeds.

and pieces of moss are fairly common. There are many fragments of univalve and bivalve molluses, but only a few have been found complete, mainly Ancylus and Planorbis spp.; operculae of Bithinia are very common. Ancylus and Bithinia are more characteristic of a body of water, preferably running. A few bivalve and one or two genera of gastropods have yet to be determined. Other fossils present include fragments of beetle elytrae and a few fish scales.

- E -medium gravel. Wood fragment, a bone part in bed E and part in bed F, and a bovid tooth (apparently from this horizon) were found during a Paramoudra Club excavation.
- F -bones fairly common during Paramoudra Club excavation; shattered tusk of elephant, and rhinoceros tooth, found in situ. Small fragments of planty material are common, but do not approach the abundance as in the far less sandy bed C.
- G -bones fairly common, including fragmentary long bones and ?rib. Thebones from this horizon are spongy in texture and difficult to extract, quite unlike the condition of those in bed F, which are hard.
- H -stony, silty sand, hard; stones generally fairly angular. A few small pieces of vegetable material. An astragalus (not in situ) may have come from this bed.

Some of the stony deposits, especially B and H, bear resemblances to certain deposits classed as 'till'.

Notes on fossils

Several mammalian species have been found

Bovid, probably Kison sp.

Hippopotamus amphibius Linne

Palaeoloxodon antiquus (Falconer and Cautley)

Rhinoceros' sp.

Cervus elaphus Linne

Megaceros sigenteus (Blumenbach)

Hippopotamus Straight-tusked elephant Rhinoceros Red Deer Giant Deer Bison

Remains of hippostatus are common (mandible, radius-ulna, scapula, tibia, etc.), those of elephant (upper molar, etc.) and bovid (fragment of horn-core, radius, teeth) less so, while rhinoceros (upper molar) red deer (frontal and antler bases) and giant deer (base of shed antler) are represented by only a few specimens. The giant deer antler is more heavily mineralised than the other fossils. Most of the bones are now in Norwich Castle Museum. It is suggested that the majority of these bones (most of which were found loose), because of their colour andhardness, have in fact been derived from horizon where similar remains are found in place).

No microtine remains or artefacts have been found, to my knowledge.

The many loose cones found on the spoil heaps seem most likely to have come from stratum C, from where one cone was in place, and in which conifer wood is common.

Some loose shelly blocks ymelded bivalves, particularly Sphaerium. Periglacial Action

Cryoturbation phenomena are seen below bed H, and a large frost wedge was found cutting down through bed F. Notes on Sequence

The freshwater snails in bed C have already been commented upon; the quantity of well-preserved fir-cones and conifer wood shows the dominant trees of the neighbourhood.

Assuming the bulk of the recorded mammalian fauna to have come from horizon F, a temperate climate is indicated at this stage; the association of animals also suggests a partially wooded landscape (presumably deciduous).

Colder conditions after the warm phase are shown by the structures mentioned under 'Periglacial Action'.

The mammalian faunc is close to that recorded elsewhere from zone f of the Ipswichian interglacial (perhaps 100,000 years ago). The presence of cannonshot flints and a basket-work patina flint in the pit also suggests a post-Gipping age.

R. Markham.

CELESTINE (STRONTIUM SULPHATE)

This mineral, although of unusual composition, is worked only on a small scale and at one place in Britain, Yate near Bristol, due to the small (now increasing) demand.

The celstine occurs as a modular deposit in the red Keuper Marl (Upper Trias). The present exposures consist of small, shallow pits, since the mineral occurs only a few feet below the surface. The so called "marl" (marl.implies a high calcium carbonate content) is in fact a sandy hematitic clay, mottled grey-green in places where the red hematite has been reduced by recent decaying vegetation. The celestine nodules are about one foot in diameter and occur as a fairly continuous layer. They are quite pure and no other evaporite salts occur in association. Most of the nodules are hollow, and contain well developed colourless crystals exhibiting the tabular orthorhombic form (identical in fact with barytes, barium sulphate). The mode of formation was presumably in a continuously evaporating enclosed sea, but the origin of such a large amount of strontium is difficult to imagine.

The distinguishing feature of strontium is the crimson colour it imparts to a flame, and hence its traditional use for distress flares and fireworks. Present industrial uses include the manufacture of certain plastics and paints.

P. Grainger.

NOTE ON 'WILLIAM'S PIT', CLAYDON.

A shallow pit, no longer dug; GR/TM 135491. A maximum of c.15ft. of chalk is exposed, covered by c.6in. of soil. The top of the chalk is shattered and disturded; in the top one foot, small chalk blocks lie in many directions, and green-stained flints (Bullhead bed type) and small lenticles of sand may be found, showing the disturbed nature.

Fossils from the chalk here (collected by writer, or by students and seen by writer) are: - Sponge; Echinocorys sp.; Rhynchonellid; Ostrea vesicularis; fish scales; ?base of coral.

Of particular interest in this pit is a small channel in the S.E. corner, infilled with up to c.4ft. of more or less unstratified material, not unlike loose, crumbly, brown chalky till (to look at; it contains abundant sub-angular chalk fragments, with a few angular flints and small rounded quarts (in the examined sample). Land gastropods are relatively abundant; most have still to be identified, but <u>Geciliodes actuala</u> (Muller), a subterranear species which lives in calcareous soils, is quite common. One <u>Ostrea</u> was found in situ, and G. Garrod has found bone fragments and a piece of pottery, the latter showing the recent age of the deposit.

R. Markham.

SOME EXAMPLES OF RECENT INDURATION FROM THE NORFOLK COAST.

Whilst walking along the coast just west of Sheringham, I noticed what appeared to be a conglomerate resting on the Chalk at an anomalous level; on closer inspection, it proved to be a 'mass of metal bottle-tops, with a few pieces of wire and tin lids, cemented together with iron compounds and firmly attached to the chalk, a piece of which also came away when I hammered the specimen free. I left the "bottle-top conglomerate" for collection on my return when, alas, the tide was full, leaving me only this story to bring back!

Paddling in the sea at Mundesley during the month of January is not to be recommended, unless of course there is a "fossil skull" below low-water mark; on the occasion I tried this, an hour of hammering and tugging under water showed the "skull" to be resmants of wartime defences and beach pebbles firmly comested together, very similar to the Forest Bed iron-pan. Though hardly worth the effort expended, the 'find' is of interest in showing the rapidity of induration along this coast.

Most of the wood found in the local geological deposits is not heavily mineralised, and it may be that the mineralisation of many of the pieces found loose on the beach is of comparatively recent origin.

R. Markham. (Gratefully reproduced from Norfolk Research Committee Bulletin 16 (1966)).

A FOREST BED HORSE JAW FROM PASTON; NORFOLK.

In the collection of Dr. W. H. Miller of Mundesley is a fine mandible of horse, found on the beach at Paston; the state of preservation and adhering matrix leave little doubt as to its derivation from nearby Forest Bed deposit.

Most of the left side and portion of the right side are preserved. On the left side, the ascending ramus is missing; all six check-teeth are present, also the canine, but of the incisors, only I₁ is perfect, 2 and 3 being broken off below jaw level. On the right side, all the incisors are broken below jaw level; the canine and one check tooth (second premolar) are present, the jaw being broken off behind this.

Left side

hypoconulid of M₃).

Length of premolar series (gringing surface) 108mm.

(measured from end of parastylid of P₂ to outer

edge of hypoconulid of P_A).

Height of ramus at P₄M₁
Height of ramus at centre of M₃
Height of ramus at rear of M₃
Right side

106mm.

c.132mm.(min.).

Diastema length I3-P2 c.115mm (measured between base of teeth, at edge of socket; difficult, as I3 broken).

Adhering matrix obscures the metastylid-mesostylid valley in IM_1 , IM_2 and IpM_4 , but in the rest of the cheek teeth, it is close to the "U" shape of the caballine horses and is unlike the "V" of the so-called zebrine group. The parastylid of P_4 is obscured. The complete incisor shows the cup or 'mark' on the wearing surface.

I wish to thank Dr. Miller for permission to examine and note this specimen.

The grinding surface of the teeth is figured for the first time on page 25 of this Bulletin.

R. Markham.

(With minor alterations, the above note first appeared in Bulletin 16 (1966) of the Norfolk Research Committee; see "Notes on Three Mammalian Jaws from the Forest Bed", p.3.).

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| Bell, A., S.A. Notcutt and J. Reid Moir "Some Suffolk and Ess | e x . |
| Crag Pits and their Location" | 37-48. |
| Cooper, E.R. "The Suffolk Coast" | 49-68. |
| Moir, J.R. "Stone Implements from a New Angle" | 83-88. |
| | _ |
| Prydene, R.M. "The Lower Beds of the Chalk near Ipswich" | 153-157• |
| Erydone, R.M. "Uintacrinus in North Suffolk" | 153-161. |
| Moir, J.R. "World-Wide Prehistoric Cultures" | 170-176. |
| | |
| In Memoriam. Miss Nina Frances Layard, F.S.A. | |
| In Memoriam. Miss Nina Frances Layard, F.S.A. Moir. J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" | 200-201. |
| In Memoriam. Miss Nina Frances Layard, F.S.A. Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" | |
| | 200-201. |
| | 200-201. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" | 200-201. |
| | 200-201. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIBLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN | 200-201. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIBLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) | 200 –201. 231 – 234. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIBLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) | 200-201. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" | 200 –201. 231 – 234. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIBLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yara Valleys" | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIBLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIELIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. 2. the |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIELIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIFLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. 2. the |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yara Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. 2. the |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - MORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIFLIOGRAPHY - HORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. 2. the |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIFLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5-6. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5-6. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIBLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - MORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" | 200-201. 231-234. p. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5-6. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIFLIOGRAPHY - HORFOLM RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) Broavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 4 (1951) | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. |
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| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) 'Excevations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Symmer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 4 (1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads -1951" | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIFLIOGRAPHY - MORFOLM RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 4 (1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. 6. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - NORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 4 (1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads -1951" No. 5 (1952)(issued August 1953) | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. 6. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - MORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yars Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) Expavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 6 (1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads -1951" No. 5 (1952)(issued August 1953) Embert, J.M. "Stratigraphical Investigations in the region | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. 6. 6. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIFLIOGRAPHY - MORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1942) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 4 (1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads -1951" No. 5 (1952)(issued August 1953) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads in 1952" | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. 6. 6. 7-8. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIRLIOGRAPHY - MORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1949) Geology: (Recent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yars Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 4 (1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads -1951" No. 5 (1952)(issued August 1953) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads in 1952" Furnell, P.M. "Yare Valley Burled Channel" | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. 6. 6. 7-8. |
| Moir, J.R. "Some Effects of Glaciation" BIFLIOGRAPHY - MORFOLK RESEARCH COMMITTEE BULLETIN No. 1 (Summer 1942) Geology: (R ecent Publications) Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Post-Glacial Deposits of the Broads" Lambert, J. "Botanical Investigations in the Bure and Yare Valleys" No. 2 (Spring 1950) "Excavations Organised by Research Committee: Marlingford' Jennings, J.N. "Investigations in the Postglacial deposits of Broads" No. 3 (Summer 1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in Norfolk Broads Area 1950" Jennings, J.N. "Report on Progress of Investigations into the Alluvial Stratigraphy of the East Norfolk River Valleys and the Origin of the Broads" Larwood, G.P. "Investigation of the Nar Valley Clay of West Norfolk" No. 4 (1951) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads -1951" No. 5 (1952)(issued August 1953) Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical Investigations in the region of the Norfolk Broads in 1952" | 200-201. 231-234. P. 4. 4-5. 5. the 5. 6. 6. 7-8. |

```
No. 6 (for 1953) (iss. Oct. 54)
    Martin, A.J. "Cliff Sections between Caistor-on-Sea and Scratby"
    Lambert, J.M. "Stratigraphical and Ecological Investigations im
                     the Region of the Norfolk Broads in 1953"
                                                                        5-6.
    Jermy, A.C. "Alderfen Broad, Irstead"
                                                                         6.
No. 7 (for 1954)(iss. Dec. 55).
    Smith, C. T. "The Origin of the Norfolk Broads -interim report" 3-5.
No. 8 (for 1955: iss. Dec. 156)
    Clarke, R.R. "Archaeological Finds made in Norfolk in 1955:
                                     Yarmouth, Great, 78S.E."
                                                                         6.
    Jermy, A.C. "Calthorpe Broad Nature Reserve"
                                                                         6.
    Green, E.B. "The Waverey Gravels"
                                                                         6.
    9 (for 1956)(iss.Dec. 157).
    'Other Archaeological Excavations 1956: Weybourne"
                                                                         2.
    Clarke, R.R. "Archaeological Finds Made in Norfolk 1956: Keswick,
                                         Leziate, Norwich 63NW"
                                                                        3-4.
    Green, B. "Geological Notes 1956: Forest Bed, Bacton; Gravel Pits" 6.
    10 (for 195$:iss.Dec. 158)
    'Selected Archaeological Finds from Norfolk 1957: Holkham;
                                            Winch, East"
                                                                       2-3.
No. 11 (for 1958:iss.Dec. 59)
    'Selected Archaeological Finds from Norfolk 1958: Creak, South;
                                Sparham; Witchingham, Great"
                                                                       2-3.
    Funnell, B.M. "The Ludham Pilot Bore 1958"
                                                                       4
    Green, B. "Selected Geological Accessions to Norwich Museums
                                           Collections, 1958"
                                                                       4-5.
No. 12 (for 1959: iss. Dec. 60)
    Clarke, R.R. "Stone Implement Petrology"
                                                                       2-3.
No. 13 (for 1960:iss. Dec. 61)
    Baden-Powell, D.F.W. "The Crags -July 15th-19th, 1960"
                                                                        3∙
No. 14 (for 1961 & 1963)
    (Titles, page numbers and authors not available at time of typing,
                but includes notes on:-
        'Revised dating of the Neolithic period in East Anglia"
        'Fen Flood Relief Cut-Off Channel'
No. 15 (for 1963:iss. Dec. 64)
    Markham, R.A.D. "Chag at Broome"
Hutchinson, J.N. "The Coastal Landslip of May, 1962, between
                                                                        3.
                              Cromer and Overstrand, Norfolk"
                                                                       4.
No. 16 (September 1966)
    Markham, R.A.D. "Preliminary Note on Intergalacial Beds at Beetley" 1-2.
    Markham, R.A.D. "Notes on Three Mammalian Jaws from the Forest Bed" 2-3.
    Markham, R.A.D. "Note on Nucella and Neptunea in the Weybourne Crag" 3-4.
    Markham, R.A.D. "Some Examples of Recent Induration from the Norfolk
                                                            Coast"
    West, R.G. "Recent Work on the Cromer Forest Bed Series"
    BIBLIOGRAPHY -TRANSACTIONS OF THE SUFFOLK NATURALISTS' SOCIETY
                                                    VOL.7-VOL.13, PART 5.
Vol. VII (1949-1951)
    Gilbert, J.L. "Bryozoa and Pisces of the Crag"
                                                                       p.3.
                                                                         8.
    'Shell Embedded in Rock'
    'Marine Location'
                                                                         8.
    'News fr Naturalists'
                                                                      19 & 21.
    Cambridge, P. (Observations) "Boxstone Fossils"
                                                                        23.
    Cambridge, P. "Hascot, a New Crag-Pit; Fossils at Battisford" &
                                 "Fossils from the Crag"
                                                                        66-7.
    Simpson, F.W. (OBservations) "Geology"
                                                                         75.
    Thurlow, G.W. (Observations)"A Fossil Sponge"
                                                                         76.
    Simpson, F.W. "Geological Discovery"
                                                                        117.
    Spencor, H.E.P. "Geological Section"
                                                                        120.
    "Proceedings"
        pp. xii & xiii "Exhibitions"
        xvi "Exhibitions"
        xxxvi "Exhibitions"
```

xxxix & xl "Sectional (Geological) Excursion"

| xliii "Exhibitions" | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| xliv (Excursion) | |
| xlvi "Exhibitions" | |
| xlvi & xlvii (fossil voles) | |
| lxiii "Exhibitions" | |
| lxiv & lxv "General Excursion" lxv & lxvi "Geological Excursion" | |
| Yol. VIII (1952-1953) | |
| Spencer, B.L.P. "Geological Section" | p. 23 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Kay to Suffolk Geology" | 2 4-25 |
| Trist, P.J.O. "Frost Cracks" | 25-29 |
| Gilbert, J.L. "Fossil from Chalk" | 30 |
| Simpson, F. W. "Notes and Corrections on a Geological Discovery at Harkstead" | 30-31 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "Bobbitt's Hole, Belstead. Interim Report" | 53~8 |
| Engleheart, F.H.A. "Red Crag at Shelley" | 58 58 |
| West, R. G. "The Study of Interglacial Deposits in Suffolk" | |
| West, R.G. "A Note on Fossil Water-Ferms im Suffolk" | 51 |
| | vii-xlviii |
| Kerr, N.R. (Schools Supplement)"The Geology of Suffolk | |
| | Mi-1:11 |
| Coe, L.M. (Schools Supplement) "Ecology of Three Chalk pits" Lord Cranbrook "Royal Fish" | 112-5• |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Crag Mammalia" | 153~5. |
| Lord Cranbrook "Fossil Voles" | 155-7 |
| Larwood, G.P. & A.J. Martin "Stratigraphy and Fauna of the | |
| Easton Bavents Cliff Scations, mear Southwold, Suffol | |
| West, R. G. "Notes on the Quaternary Deposits at Hoxne, Suf | • |
| | ii-lazziv |
| _ | -lxxxvi |
| | d-laxavdi |
| | xxxviii d-cii |
| Spewger, H.E. P. (Schools Supplement) The Coolegy of Suffol | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | .ii-civ |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Broomm Hill Cravel, Creeting St. Mary" | |
| | 194-5. |
| Notes and Observations -Ammonite | 232 |
| | XV-CXXVII |
| Lord Cranbrook (Schools Supplement) "Shrews" 3-6 (vol. Spencer, H.E.P. ("") "The Geology | VIII,pt.IV) |
| of Suffolk Part 3" 6-9 (" | n ,n a} |
| Nichols, A. (Schools Supplement)"The Soil Strata | , , |
| beneath Halesworth" 14 (" | ", " ") |
| Vol. IX (1954-1956) | _ |
| Lord Cranbrook "Fossil Voles" | 48 -9 |
| Lord Crambrook (Notes and Observations) "Records of Mimomys | |
| Proceedings 8th.May " 28th.Aug. | 61 64 |
| 4th.Dec. | 67 |
| Spencer, H. E. P. (Schools Supplement) "The Geology of Suff | |
| Part 4" | 73~5 |
| Davis, A. G. "The Mollusca of Bobbitshole Interglacial Beds | • |
| Ipswich" | 110-4 |
| Funnell, B. M. "An Account of the Geology of the Bungay | 335 0/ |
| District" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"The Geology of Suffolk | 115-26 |
| Part 4" | 1749-9 |
| Baden-Powell, D.F.W. "Transcall Crag" | 2:5-22 |
| Sponcer, H.E.P. "Crag Pate in Chillecford-Butley-Sutton Are | |
| Engleheart, F.H. A. "Little Cornerd Brick Pits" | 225.46 |
| Furnell, B.M. "Notes on the Geology of the Country around | |
| Ingham, near Bury St. Edmunds" | 227-36 |
| Engleheart, F.H.A. "Cement Stone at Nacton and Septaria | 301.0 |
| Generally" Cambridge, P.G. "Notes on Crag Palaeontology -1" | 321 - 2 322 - 7 |
| | J64-1 |

| Lord Cranbrook (Notes and observations) (Mabbits) | 370 |
|--|---|
| Beaufoy, A. (Notes and observations) "Coastal Erosion" | 372 |
| (Motes and observations) "Hoxne Investigations" | 372 |
| Proceedings 30th.June | 375 |
| Vol. X (1956-1958) | , , , , |
| | # 20.40 |
| Spencer, H.E. P. "Red Crag Deer from Trimley and Felixstowe | - |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "Hogaighland: Ipswich" | 40-42 |
| Proceedings 25th. August | 81 |
| Lord Cranbrock (Schools Supplement)"Flesh Eaters" 89-92 | |
| Spencer. H.E.P. "The Changing Suffolk Coast" | 1 23 -5 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "Geological Notes: Hog Highland; The Buried | |
| Channel at Seven Arches Bridge" | 126 |
| | |
| Curtis, G.E. "The Foulerton Award and a New Species" | 127 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "Mammalian Bones from Suffolk River Beds" | 239-41 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Mammalia of the Stutton Brickearth" | 242 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. (Notes and OBservations)"A Crag Sea Urchin | |
| (Echinocyamus pusillus)" | 253 4 |
| Proceedings: 28th. September: 7th. December. | 256 |
| Boswell, P.G.H. "Note on the Geology of the Bobbitshole are | |
| _ · | • |
| Ipswich" | 294-5 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "New Suffolk Mammalia from River Gravel, | |
| Barham" | 295-7 |
| Marson, J. E. (Schools Supplement)"Individual Plant Studies | |
| Part II. Soil and the Plant" | 35₺≻7 |
| Vol. XI (1958-1961) | J J J J , 1 |
| | 00 |
| Proceedings:6th.September | 92 |
| " :6th.December | 94 |
| Long, D.C. "Some Non-Marine Mollusca from the Icenian" | 152-3 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Sizewell Crag" | 154 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Aldeburgh Transitional Crag" | 154 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "A Find in the Gipping Valley" | 155 |
| Proceedings 7th. Manch | ī98 |
| Pull, F., H. Honeyman and S. Knott "An Investigation of the | |
| Dille Lee De Cristalist qui de viole un tuteritaitou of the | |
| | |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" | 223-37 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" | 223-37 23 7- 40 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" | 223-37 23 7- 40 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Mammals" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Mammals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Mammals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 |
| Mad Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Mammals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27ty. May. | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Mammals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 |
| Mad Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 |
| Mid Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Harmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27ty. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (" ")"Beach Pebbles" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 |
| Mind Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 |
| Mind Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Mammals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (""") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 |
| Mind Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Harmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 |
| Mid Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Harmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 |
| Mid Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 |
| Mid Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Mammals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Cuttis, G. E.(" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 |
| Mid Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (""") "Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27ty. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J.Pingley" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 |
| Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1951-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (1965-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J. Eingley" Proceedings -4th.July;5rd.Cctober;12th.December | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 |
| Mind Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.F. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement: "Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement) "Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G.E. (" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (1965-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora of the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J. Bingley" Proceedings -4th.July:5rd.Cctober:12th.December "East Anglian Goology Boncured" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G.E. (" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora of the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J. Bingley" Proceedings -4th.July:5rd.Ctober:12th.December "East Anglian Coology Boncured" Haslam, S.M. "The Breck Fens" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 237-146 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (1965-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J.Bingley" Proceedings -4th.July;5td.Cctober;12th.December "East Anglian Coology Honcured" Haslam, S.M. "The Brock Fens" Spencer, E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 137-146 154-6 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Sotanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Harmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E.(" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19652-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J.Pingley" Proceedings -4th.July:5rd.Cctober;12th.December "East Anglian Coology Bonoured" Haslam, S.M. "The Brock Fens" Spencer, H. E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" Proceedings -11th. September | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 137-146 154-6 180 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "3otanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedings:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (""")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J. Eingley" Proceedings -4th.July;5rd.Cctober;12th.Decomber "East Anglian Coology Honotred" Haslam, S.M. "The Brock Fors" Spencer, H. E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" Proceedings -11th. September Spencer, H.E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" Proceedings -11th. September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contr | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 137-146 154-6 180 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "Sotanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Harmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E.(" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19652-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J.Pingley" Proceedings -4th.July:5rd.Cctober;12th.December "East Anglian Coology Bonoured" Haslam, S.M. "The Brock Fens" Spencer, H. E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" Proceedings -11th. September | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 137-146 154-6 180 |
| Mud Fauna of the Stour Estuary" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Prehistoric Mammalia of Suffolk" Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estu Proceedings 17th.October Simpson, F.W. "3otanical Excursions in East Suffolk" Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of the Suffolk-Norfolk Border Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedings:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. (""")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J. Eingley" Proceedings -4th.July;5rd.Cctober;12th.Decomber "East Anglian Coology Honotred" Haslam, S.M. "The Brock Fors" Spencer, H. E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" Proceedings -11th. September Spencer, H.E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" Proceedings -11th. September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of the Coral September Spencer, H.E. P. "A Contr | 223-37 237-40 ary" 240-1 277-8 303-7 347-52 " 367-85 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 225-8 262-6 333-44 429-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 137-146 154-6 180 |

17.

| | Lord Cranbrook (Notes and observations) (Rabbits) | 370 |
|------------|--|--|
| | Beaufoy, A. (Notes and observations) "Coastal Erosion" | 372 |
| | (Hotes and observations)"Hoxne Investigations" | 372 |
| | Proceedings 30th. June | |
| | | 375 |
| | Vol. X (1956-1958) | |
| | Spencer, H.E. P. "Red Crag Deer from Trimley and Felixstowe" | ' 39 – 40 |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "Hogdighland: Ipswich" | 40-42 |
| | Proceedings 25th. August | 81 |
| | | OI |
| | Lord Cranbrock (Schools Supplement)"Flesh Eaters" 89-92 | |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "The Changing Suffolk Coast" | 123 - 5 |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "Geological Notes: Hog Highland; The Buried | _ |
| | Channel at Seven Arches Bridge" | 126 |
| | | |
| | Curtis, G.E. "The Foulerton Award and a New Species" | 127 |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "Mammalian Bones from Suffolk River Beds" | 239-41 |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "The Mammalia of the Stutton Brickearth" | 242 |
| t a | Spencer, H.E.P. (Notes and OBservations)"A Crag Sea Urchin | |
| | | OE3 4 |
| | (Echinocyamus pusillus)" | 253-4 |
| | Proceedings: 28th. September; 7th. December. | 256 |
| | Boswell, P.G.H. "Note on the Geology of the Bobbitshole area | |
| | Ipswich" | 294-5 |
| | | 674 J |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "New Suffolk Mammalia from River Gravel, | |
| | Barham" | 295-7 |
| | Marson, J. E. (Schools Supplement)"Individual Plant Studies | |
| | Part II. Soil and the Plant" | 35₺~7 |
| | Vol. XI (1958-1961) | J J 9/ 1 |
| | | 00 |
| | Proceedings:6th.September | 92 |
| | ":5th.December | 94 |
| | Long, D.C. "Some Non-Marine Mollusca from the Icenian" | 152-3 |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "The Sizewell Crag" | 154 |
| | Owners W. E. D. 1995 All Change (Brong Adding J. Con all | |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "The Aldeburgh Transitional Crag" | 154 |
| | Spencer, H.E.P. "A Find in the Gipping Valley" | 155 |
| | Proceedings 7th. March | 198 |
| | Bull, F., H. Honeyman and S. Knott "An Investigation of the | |
| | | 223-37 |
| | | |
| | | 237-40 |
| | Collins, J. "Elminius modestus (Darwin) from the Stour Estua | ry" 240-1 |
| | Proceedings 17th.October | 277-8 |
| | Simpson, F.W. "Botanical Excursions in East Suffolk" | 303-7 |
| | Schools Supplement: "Small Marmals" | 347-52 |
| | | 34 ITJE |
| | Bellamy, D.J. & F. R ose "The Waveney-Ouse Valley Fens of | |
| | | |
| | the Suffolk-Norfolk Border" | 367-85 |
| | • | - 1 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September | 456 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" | 456 465-8 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. | 456 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) | 456 465–8 534 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. | 456 465-8 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" | 456 465–8 534 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on | 456 465–8 534 59–60 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" 2 | 456 465-8 534 59-60 |
| * | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian | 456 465–8 534 59–60 73–5 25–8 |
| * | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian | 456 465-8 534 59-60 |
| * | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E.(" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" | 456 465–8 534 59–60 73–5 25–8 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 |
| * | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 |
| * | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E.(" ")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora of the Coralline and Red Crags of East | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 44850 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora of the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 448-50 |
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| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (1965+-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J.Pingley" Proceedings -4th.July;5rd.Cotober;12th.December "East Anglian Geology Honoured" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 |
| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13, Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora of the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J.Pingley" Proceedings -4th.July;5rd.Cctober;12th.December "East Anglian Geology Honoured" Haslam, S.M. "The Breck Fens" | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 37-146 |
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| | Proceedings:-17th.September Schools Supplement:"Things Found" Proceedingd:-27th. May. Vol. XII (1961-1964) Spencer, H.E.P. "Prehistoric Animal Remains at Harkstead" Curtis, G.E. (Schools Supplement)"Semi-Frecious Stones on the Beach" Curtis, G. E. ("")"Beach Pebbles" Spencer, H.E. P. "The Prehistoric Deer of the East Anglian Crag Deposits" Spencer, H.E.P. "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags" Martin, D.J. "Breckland Flora" Spencer, H.E.P. "Megaceros savini A new Suffolk Crag Deer" Vol. 13. Parts 1-5 (19651-1967) Simpson, F.W. "Flora ff the Coralline and Red Crags of East Suffolk" "Fenlands - A lecture by F.J. Bingley" Proceedings -4th.July:5rd.Cctober;12th.Decomber "East Anglian Geology Honoured" Haslam, S.M. "The Breck Fers" Spencer, H. E. P. "New Mammalian Fossils from R ed Crag" Proceedings -11th. September | 456 465-8 534 59-60 73-5 25-8 62-6 33-44 29-36 448-50 7-10 26 49-51 102 37-146 154-6 180 |
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12

J.C.N.W. -Book Review -The Broads by E.A. Ellis 220 Spencer, H.E.P. (Notes and Observations) "Some Recent Geological Finds" 221-2 Spencer, H.E.P. "A Contribution to the Geological History of Suffolk Part 2 The Geological History of the Orwell-Gipping System" 290-313 "Coralline Crag at Aldeburgh Brickyard" 328 J.CN.W. - (Notes and Observations), Cercidiphyllum spenceri 337 (Proceedings) Sat. 1 October 339

(Bibliographical Material extracted by R. Markham.

THE BOURNE PARK TRENCH EXPOSURES

Account of trenches as seen by writer on July 17th and 24th 1967.

The trenches were seen in the northern area of Bourne Park, Ipswich, and appeared to be following the contours around a low hill. It appears that sewerage pipes were being laid.

The site was first visited on July 17th 1967 when the following sections were recorded:-

At point A (see diagram, page 14):-

Top soil 10")
Soily rubble 1' 10") 4' 2"
London Clay 1' 6")

The soily rubble appeared to be hill wash and contained brick fragments and much organic matter.

At point B

. 9.

Topsoil 8")
Soily rubble 10") 4' 3"
London Clay 2' 9")

At point C

Topsoil 8") 6' 6" London Clay 5' 10") 6' 6"

In section at point C the hill wash was not seen and a much thicker exposure of London Clay was seem.

In all sections the upper parts of the London Clay had been contaminated to some extent by leached materials from the hill wash or topsoil.

On the 24th July 1967 the site was revisited and it was found that the trenches had been extended, the following section was recorded at point D:-

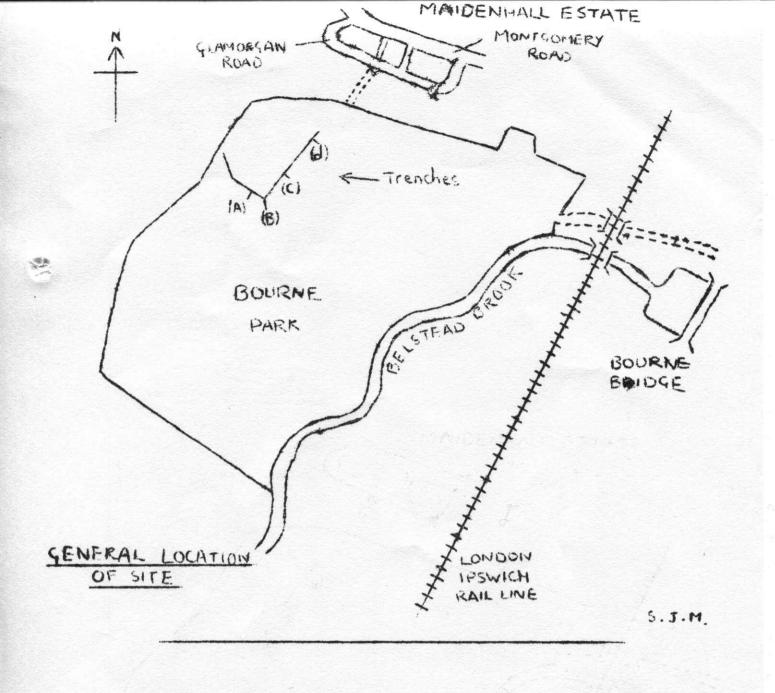
Topsoil 10")
London Clay 9") 10" 0"
Oldhaven Beds 2")

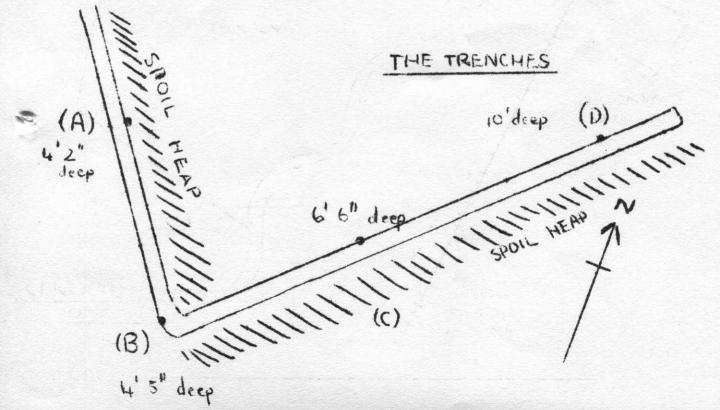
The London Clay was seen to contain a layer of septaria 6' from the surface.

The layer below the London Clay consisted of a blue silty clay and is believed by the writer to be Oldhaven Beds.

No shell fragments were found but the deposit contained green nodules, Thanet remnants?, and several pieces of carbonised wood were seen.

The writer expresses his thanks to Mr. L. Penning who first reported the site and to Mr. J. Norman who accompanied the writer on both visits to the site.





The specimen (no. 1800, Norwich Castle Museum, Fossil Catalogue; R. J.Colman coll.) is from Corton, and is apparently a lower tooth ARM/3 - (the grinding surface is concave, the plates are normal to the grinding surface, and the angle between the worn and the unworn crown is typical of lower teeth).

Plates are x17x; 6-4 cusps on unworm plates; posterior talonid small. No medial expansion of worn discs, but little worm.

Notes on worn portion: the anterior talonid is on the buccal side; the first ridge (plate) is part in wear, part broken, with five conules (the two buccal being larger than the others). In the second ridge, the conules are worn down to form a plate; there is some complication on the lingual side —what appears to be either in part an intermediate conule between plates 1 and 2, or an extra enamel ridge between anterior and posterior portions of theenamel figure. There are two intermediate conules (in wear) on the lingual side of the tooth, between plates 2 and 3. The 3rd. plate has six conules —the two buccal and two central joined (in wear), and two separate enamel rings on lingual side.

(see sketch on page ? 5).

All measurements are approximate-

Thickness of enamel Width of worn enamel of third plate Height of third plate (just in wear) to 3mm.
c.65mm.(c.2½")
c.125mm.

(measured on buccal surface; would be greater on lingual surface in this specimen)

Length of crown

 $c.351om.(c.13\frac{3}{4}")$

Length-lamellae ratio

-crown surface of tooth = 351/17½ = 20
-about midway between base of plates and crown,
measured on ligual surface (length c. 10"
= c.255mm) = 255/17½ = c.14½.

Lamellar frequency (no. of plates in 10cm. anteroposterior length)
-measured on anterior portion of tooth

-on buccal surface $5\frac{1}{2}$ -6 -on lingual surface $6-6\frac{1}{2}$ -on crown 5

I wish to thank Mr. B. McWilliams for reading this note.

R. Markham.

The tooth has been previously mentioned by Dr. C. Wells, in Proceedings of the Geological Society of London, 1615, pp.52-5, published 22 June 1964, in which he says

It is the molar tooth of an elephant, presumably Elephas antiquus, from the Forest Bed deposit near Corton, Suffolk, and now in the Csatle Musium, Norwich. Its gross deformity leaves room for doubt as to whether it is an upper or lower tooth but on balance I think it is a 3rd. right mandibular. Its peculiarity is that it has been folded laterally on itself through almost 180 degrees. Not only does it; have this longitudinal hairpin bend with the posterior halk of the tooth lying beside and intimately applied to the anterior half of the buccal surface, but it is also twisted vertically so that the occlusal surface of the posterior half faces obliquely into the alveolus. There are about seventeen plates. The anterior three or four are moderately worn but there exposed conules show considerable asymmetry of attrition.

'There is no suggestion of caries or any other infection in this specimen and the recurved mass is certainly not a tumour. That the condition is developmental in origin seems certain, but it is difficult to decide whether it results from a genetic mutation or whether it was produced by injury to the germ plasm of the tooth.it is not easy to visualize what dynamic process could produce this deformity. Nothing of the kind (Fractures) is present here but it is perhaps possible that an early fracture of the alveolus, with subsequent healing by dense callus, might have sufficiently impeded the process of formation and eruption to give this extreme deformity.

'Thid suggestion is far from unassailable What is,

possibly, an interesting secondary result is the presence of a lobulated, somewhat flattened, tumour in close association with its under surface. The precise nature of this must remain uncertain but it is strongly suggestive of an irregular odontome.

(see sketch, page 24)

SUDBOURNE PARK CORALLINE CRAG DIG, 14 MAY 1967.

The object of the Goological Group's 'dig' in the shallow disused pit just north-west of Sudbourne Hall was to expose a section in the Pliocene Coralline Grag and to record the fauna, a preliminary list of which is given below-

BIVALVES
Arctica islandica
Pecten maximus
Chlamys opercularis
Chlamys tigerina
Chlamys harmeri
Pseudamussium gerardi

Pseudamussium ge.
Ostrea sp.
Amonia sp.
Venus casina
Venus imbricata
Venus ovata
Lucina borealis
Dosinia sp.
Ensis ensis
Corbula sp.

Nucula sp.
Glycimeris glycimeris
Limopsis pygmaea
Cardita senilis
Cardita scalaris
Cardita corbis
Spisula triangulata
Spisula sp.

Circe minima
Cardium decorticatum
Astarte mutabilis
Astarte basteroti
Astarte burtini
Astarte burtini
Woodia digitaria
Arca lactea

Arca pectunculoides
Thracia inflata
Panopaea faujasi
Thiatella
Pitar

Hippagus cardiiformis

GASTROPODS

Turritella incrassata

'Natica' Scalaria spp.

Emarginula reticulata

Diodora aperta Calliostoma sp. Ringicula sp. Girdulus subulatus

SCAPHOPOD Dentalium sp.

SPONGE Cliona sp.

CORALS

Spenotrochus boytomensis Spenotrochus intemmedius

BNY020AN3 Fasiculatia

Trigonophora monilifera

Cellaria "Cellepora" Bryozoan spp.

BARNACLES

ECHINOID

Echinus sp. -test fragments and spines

BRACHIOPODS Terebratula sp. Lingula dumortieri

FISH

Ear ossicle Shark tooth

It must be stressed that the above list makes no pretence at 100% accuracy, but is merely given as a guide to the 'dig'finds.

Chlamys ppercularis, Anomia, Venus ovata, Cardita senilis, Spisula triangulata and Astarte spp. were the commonest shalls; Limopsis pygmaea, Cardita senilis, Cardita corbis, Panopaea faujasi and Thracia inflata were found as double valves. Bivalve molluses and Eryozoa formed the bulk of the fossils.

the smaller species of <u>Cardita</u> and <u>Astarte</u> occurred in large numbers. Scattered grains of glauconite were fairly numerous in the sand. Mr. Dalton observes that in this pit the surfaces of the thin irregular bands of limestone are covered with delicate bryozoa, indicating probably the contemporaneous deposition and solifification of the stone.

OBSERVATIONS AT THE SITE OF ST. ALBANS SECONDARY SCHOOL, IPSWICH, August 7th 1965.

At the time I visited this site the preliminary trenches had been dug and foundations and drainage pipes were being laid.

Some trenches had been concreted in but enough exposures remained for me to ascertain that the site rested mainly on red-brown coarse-grained sands and gravels with much flint all of which appeared to be water worn. I came to the conclusion these deposits were glacial and in fact the site is very typical of the area.

An interesting feature noted was that in some areas and interesting fine yellow sands were seen and in these areas solution pipes appeared to be numerous while they occurred far less commonly in the coarser red-brown sands.

In a trench at the eastern end of the site a lobe of very fine yellow sand was seen and unlike other areas of yellow sand, no solution pipes were seen. However this area was some 5 feet higher than the rest of the site and drainage from this area could explain the lack of solution pipes.

The site was previosly agricultural and a topsoil of average depth 1'6" was observed all over the site.

S. J. MacFarlane.

SOME MEAT EQUIVALENTS OF BONES FROM A ROMAN RUBBISH PIT

A semi-serious exercise resulting from the task of identifying bone fragments from rubbish pits of Late Roman age, Stonham Aspal, Suffolk.

As a light relief, it was decided to convert one of the boxes of meat bones into consumable meat, using the following formula

The box chosen contained the following weights of bone (skull and unidentified bone not counted)

Ox bones 3 lb.; Pig bones 10oz.; Sheep bones $2\frac{1}{2}oz$. which, using the above data, may be worked out as a meat equivalent of (approx.) 20lb. beef, $5\frac{3}{4}$ lb. pork and llb. mutton!

It may here be noted that several factors were not taken into account for this brief note.

I wish to thank Miss E. J. Owles for the use of her archaeological bone material.

R. Markham.

THE FOXHALL MANDIBLE

-a short account of a human jaw-bone alleagedly found in the Red Crag over one hundred years ago and now unfortunately lost.

In 1855, a human jaw-bone was purchased by Mr. John Taylor, Druggist, of Ipswich, for 2s. 6d. (to secure a glass of beer) from an agricultural labourer, according to whom it was thrown out at Mr. Packard's manure factory with coprolite carted from the pit at Mr. Laws farm, Foxhall, near Ipswich.

It appears that Taylor called the attention of Dr. Robert Hanham Collyer (an American physician (M.D.., Berkshire Medical College, Pittsfield, Massachusetts, U. S. A., 1839) apparently resident in London for many years) to the jaw, and Collyer visited the pit in 1855 immediately after the jaw bone was found, and ascertained that it had been worked for over a year, and that the jaw probably came from sixteen feet below the surface.

Taylor had possession of the jaw for nearly three months, before presenting it to Sir Thomas Beaver of Norfolk (Beaver's son was them staying with _____ Taylor, and Sir Thomas exhibited great interest in the inquiry as to the antiquity of the jaw) in whose possession it remained until March 1857, when it was presented to Collyer.

In the same year (1857), Collyer took the jaw to Professor Queckett (then curator of the Royal College of Surgeons, London); Queckett showed it to Professor Richard Ower (the comparative anatomist) who kept it for two years without expressing any ppinion. In 1859, Collyer submitted the jaw to

Professor Prestwich (geologist).

In April 1863, 'in consequence of Sir Charles Lyell's work on 'The Antiquity of Man' , Collyer wrote to Professor Huxley (an advocate of evolution) a short history of the 'copprolite jaw'. Soon after, the jaw was exhibited at a meeting of the Ethnological Society of London (April 1863); the morning after the meeting, Huxley called upon Collyer, pronounced the jawbone to be a "most extraordinary specimen" and took it away to hand to Professor Busk for examination. Huxley wrote to, Collyer that the jawbone showed"some peculiar features", but not adequatecto ascribe the Bone"to an extinct or aberrant race of mankind, and the condition of the bone is not such as I should expect a Crag fossil to be". Busk and Hugh Falconer (palaeontologists) took the jaw to Paris, and a statement appeared under their names in the Natural History Review, July 1863, p. 37 ("An account of the proceedings of the late Conference held in France to inquire into the circumstances attendant on the asserted discovery of a human jaw in the gravel at Moulin Quignon near Abbeville") which says (of the Foxhall jaw) "...retains portion of its gelatine, is infiltrated through and through with iron. The Haversian cords are filled with red oxide, and the section of the fang shows that the ivory is partly infiltrated with the same metal". Busk also wrote to Collyer - contains a great amount of iron, although still retaining c. 8% animal matter".

In a letter dated 13 Movember 1866, Taylor wrote to Collyer from 97 Fore Street, Ipswich, giving details of the finding; the doctor was apparently then residing in Boulegne-sur-Mer, and still had possession of the jaw.

"The Fossil Human Jaw from Suffolk" by R. H. Collyer, appeared in the Anthropological Review, vol. V, no. XVII, April 1867, pp. 221-9, and the

following is of interest-

'specific gravity greater than that of a recent bone of like size, infiltrated throughout its entitety with oxide of iron, surface presents peculiar metallic lustre....its condition corresponds in every respect with the approlites in whose contact it was!f = ! Collyer's article mentions a small portion filed off; on application of heat, emitted a slight odour peculiar to burnt gelatine.

The congrioid processes are l_{Z}^{1} - distant from the alae, and from the condyles to the posterior angular protuberance it recedes full 45 degrees, and the same receding angle is shown from the mentum - prominens to the alveolar processes of the place formerly occupied by the incisor teeth; the alveolar portion of the jaw, where the incisor teeth were inserted, is closed, and the molar teeth worn down. The jaw was figured by Collyer (see Bull.,p.25)

The Foxhall jaw is mentioned in Vol. II, on p. 616, of the Palaeontological Menoirs of Hugh Falconer, 1868:- "...although retaining a portion of its gelatine, is infiltrated through and through with iron. The section of the cortical layer is dark; oxide of iron is seen filling the Haversian canals; a dark crust of the "Isame metal covers the walls of the canacili; coarse grains of sand, with red oxide of iron, line the walls of the dental canal; and a vertical section of one of the fangs of a molar shows that the dentine is partly infiltrated with iron..."

Dr. Collyer was a personal friend of the American craniologist Dr. Morton, of the Academy of vNatural Sciences of Philadelphia, with whom he

corresponded about the jaw.

Dr. Collyer registered (for practise) in England on 23 June 1868. His last known address was 199 Bromptom Road, London S.W., which was his registered address in 1878, in which year his name lapsed from the Medical Register in consequence of this address having been found to be inaccurate.

This would seem to be the last known record of Dr. Collyer and of the

Foxhall jaw.

"Antiquity of Man" 1915, and he memarks that it is of "modern" type (p. 224).

J. R eid Moir, in "Further discoveries of Humanly-Fashioned Flints in and Beneath the Red Crag of Suffolk" (Proc. Prehist. Soc. East Anglia, 1921, pp. 389-430, gives details of excavations at Foxhall Hall, in a pit just south of the Hall (once known as Mr. Law's Farm), and mentions that the chief reason which influenced him to carry out excavation was the Foxhall jaw. It is noted that the Geological Survey Memoir of 1885, "The Geology of the Country around Ipswich, Hadleigh and Felixstowe" mentions a nodule bed sixteen feet down from the surface; Moir then brings attention to Collyer's article of 1867. Moir then gives details of his excavations, photos of the pit, and notes on flints found. The Foxhall jaw-bone was evidently not in the highly mineralised conditioned of the majority of the bones found in the sub-Grage detritus-bed; A quantity of bones, in fragmentary condition (and unidentifiable) were found during Moir's excavations, and the vast majority did not exhibit the advanced state of mineralisation such as is exhibited by many sub-Crag specimens. Two classes of bone were recognised by Herepath (Survey Memoir) -(a) very frangibly and (b) very - Isolid. Moir had a representative sample of Foxhall 16ft. level Bones analised-

Moisture 3.05-3.75 Organic matter 5.55-6.50 Phosphate of Lime 62.41-67.91 Phosphoric Amid 28.59-31.11

and suggests that the condition of the Foxhall jawbone was originally probably 'compared with the heavily-mineralised class b type, and that the c. 8% organic matter of the jaw compares well with the up-to 6½% of the above analysis. The "peculiar metallic lustre" of the bone surface (as mentioned by Collyer) was found by Moir to be characteristic of many localities, but especially of the Foxhall left. level. Moir reminds us that acceptance of even Early Palaeolithic flint implements was, in 1867, by no means general. Moir placed advertisements (with the intent of finding the Foxhall jaw-bone) in various newspapers and other journals, but these failed to bring it to light; he says there is reason to believe that Collyer geturned eventually to America taking the Foxhall jaw-bone with him.

Similar details to above are contained in "The Human Jaw-Bone found at Foxhaal, Suffolk, England" by J. Read Moir (American Journal of Edysical Anthropology, Vol. VII, No. 4, Oct.-Dec., 1924, pp.409-20), in "The Pliocene Man of Foxhall in East Anglia" by Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn (Honorary Curator, The American Museum of Natural History) (Natural History, Vol. XXI, No. 6, Nov.-Dec. 1927, pp.565-76) (he mentions that the jaw apparently had a prominent chin), and in "Man Rises to Parmassus" by H. F. Osborn, (Princetown University Press, 1927).

Ales Hrdlicka, in "Critical Notes on the Forhall Jaw", Americam

Journal of Physical Anthropolgy, 7, 420-4, 1924, says-

"c.8% organic material"-by weight doub‡less; dry fresh human bone - a little over 30%; Foxhall jaw considerably infiltrated with iron and to that extent heavier; Discounting the iron, the true proportion of animal matter to bone must have been materially higher than 8%. "Condyloid processes are $1\frac{1}{2}$ " distant from alae"- 'alae' no doubt coronoid processes: -in published figure, distance from tip of coronoid to uppermost point of condyloid process is $1\frac{1}{2}$ ", -illustration of jaw is true size; size in range of recent jaws. Rather wide angle -originally determined as female; such ar angle found now and then in males. Development of condyle of ascending ramus, strength of chin, and height of horizontal branch, -male. Dimensions (as far as may be measured from illustration)-

Horizontal angle (most prominent point of chin to most posterior

point of the angle)

Minimum breadth of ascending ramus

Height of ascending ramus

75cm

3.1

**C.5.7

Height at symphysis (alveolar process managed) c.3.5
Alveolar length (from anterior edge of ascending ramus to furthest point

on the alveolar process forward) 5.25cm.

The measurements, especially that of alveolar process; moderate size of teeth; prominence of chin (further witness to shortening of dental arch)

teeth; prominence of chin (furthervwitness to shortening of dental arch)
-all comparable with recent white male.

In "Prehistorto Archaeology and Sir Ray Lankester" (1935). J. R eid Moir says "So far as was ascertainable, Dr, Collyer had evidently left England and had died in America, but while Prof. H.F.Osborn and the editors of the Scientific American made every effort to find where Collyer died, these efforts came to nothing!

Loren C. Eiseley, in "A Neglected Anatomical Feature of the Forhall Jaw", Transactions Kansas Academy Science, vol.46, 1943, pp.57-9, notes that the drawing of the left side of the mandible shows three foraminal ppenings (rae in Homo sapiens). 'The sapiens nature of the find, the pronounced character of the mental eminence (accentuated, however, by the age of the individual and loss of the lower incisors in life). Line engraving of jaw is of left side of mandible, and shows three foraminal openings several mm. apart and arranged in a sort of triangle; two large openings located respectively under P ml and Pm2 and the third, somewhat smaller and, unlike the other two, directed forward.

(Mental foramina:-Lower Primates -multiplicity of foramina; Anthropoids -tendency towards multiple foramina, though condition variable; Sinanthropus -opening consistently multiple, ranging from two to as high Heidelberg jaw -three foramina on right side, two on as five foramina; left; Neanderthal specimes (including Mount Tabun material) -generally characterised by two foramina; Mount Carmel Skhul types (which approach sapiens in many diagnostic features) char. by single formen marking typical condition in sapiens; Homo: sapiens -single foramim is the rule, the opening ordinarily lying just beneath Pm2; condition varies -quite a number of sapiens mandibles show 2 foraminal openings, at least on one side -in such cases the association of the two openings is often close, sometimes little more than dividing sliver of bone across what would otherwise be a single opening; three openings -decidely rare. Simenton, F.V. (1923) -none in Caucasiam material examined, but single 'instance each amongst bis American Indian and negroid material. Statistical chances involved in the discovery of an individual with triple mental foramina at Forhall; 3 foraminal openings have an incidence of 0.19%. More than three openings Bave never been observed in modern man. One wishes both sides of the jaw had been illustrated so that there would be the possibility of comparison. fone of the "peculiar characters" referred to by Huxley 1863.

In the <u>Daily Mail</u> of 25 February ?1948, Dr. T. T. Paterson was claiming sub-Crag workshops at Sheringham and said he was going to watch for bones, but that first he would "try to locate 8 inches of bone found over 100 years ago and taken to America by an emigrating English doctor. It may be the jaw of the 'Man of the Dawn'".

H. E.P. Spencer, in "The Contemporary Mammalian Fossils of the Crags", Trans. Suff, Nat. Soc., Vol.12, Part 5, pages 333-344, says "...the condition of the bone as described closely resembles that of the true Crag fauna (i.e. the contemporary fossils), to which in all probability the Foxhall jaw belongs"

"The Foxhall Man" by H.E.P.Spencer appeared in the East Angliam Magazine, April 1965; it is noted that the Red Crag was thought to be Fliocene at the time of the discovery of the jaw, and that it is now classified as Lower Pleistocene. Mr. Spencer also mentions that 'As early as 1846 the Rev. Professor Henslow expressed the view that it was the less mineralised bones from the Crag which were the true fossils of the period.

... As a result of the mawest discoveries....in Africa, authorities on the evolution of man's ancestry will have to reconsider the problem of Foxhall Man'

It is hoped that the above notes have extracted some of the more factual material about the Foxhall mandible. Until similar material turns up (in bods of similar age), or until the original jaw is found for modern critical analysis, the true age and origin of this famous specimen will no doubt continue to fascinate and tantalise the student of such matters.

Extracted by R.Markham.

AN AUGER TRAVERSE NEAR BLACKSMITHS CORNER, BELSTEAD.

The following article is an account of trial geological mapping carried out by the writer and Mr. J. Normam on the 28th. May 1967.

The area augered was a small valley (now mainly dry) near

Blacksmiths corner, Belstead (see map, p.23).

Samples recorded were from full auger depth (2 6"). An auger was used since the area is lightly wooded and ' every few exposures were observed.

The first auger line was taken parallel to the main valley across a small secondary valley at right angles to the main valley (this second valley is not marked on O.S. sheet 150).

Line (a) approx. 60 yds. long.

| Distance No. of Diff | erance |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| between auger Deposit found in h | eight |
| auger hole of 1 | and. |
| holes (see diag.) | |
| (1) coarse gritty deep orange sand | |
| 15yds. (2) orange brown fine loam 4' | drop |
| | drop |
| | rise |
| | rise |
| 10" (6) orange sand (pure) 3" | rise |

A second auger line was made at right angles to the first and this line was carried across the main valley and in a curve through the wood (mixed woodland) on the south west side of the main valley.

| Line | (b) | approx. | 400 | yds. | long |
|-------|-----|----------|-----|--------|-----------|
| TITLE | 101 | CAPITUAO | 400 | · yuno | at (144) |

| Distance between auger | No. of hole | Deposit found | Difference in height of land |
|---|--|---|--|
| holes 15 yds. 10 " 15 " 25. " 8 " 2 " | (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) | this is no. (6) of line (A) orange sand (pure) light brown loam (very wet) gritty soil only Brickearth/alluvium | 3' drop 5' " 6' " No change |
| 8 " 20 " 50 " 70 " 120 " | (0) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) | sandy loam (light yellow) " " (more orange) " " light yellow " " " " " " " " | 5' rise 4' " 6' " No change No change 8' drop |

Holes (8) to (13) were in thick woodland. A very marshy stream ran between holes (5) and (6). Hole (7) was in a dry stream bed.

The distances in the last column are the differences in vertical

The writer expresses his thanks to Mr. J. Norman for his valuable assistance with this map work.

S. J. MacFarlame.

80

NOTES FOR BEGINNERS

distance between one hole and the next (these were estimated).

Introductory literature and sites to visit are the chief requests of many people, and it is hoped that the following may be of some use-

"Fossils" By F.H.T.Rhodes, H.S.Zim and P.R.Schaffer, 5/-.
"Rocks and Minerals" by H.S.Zim and P.R.Schaffer, 5/-.

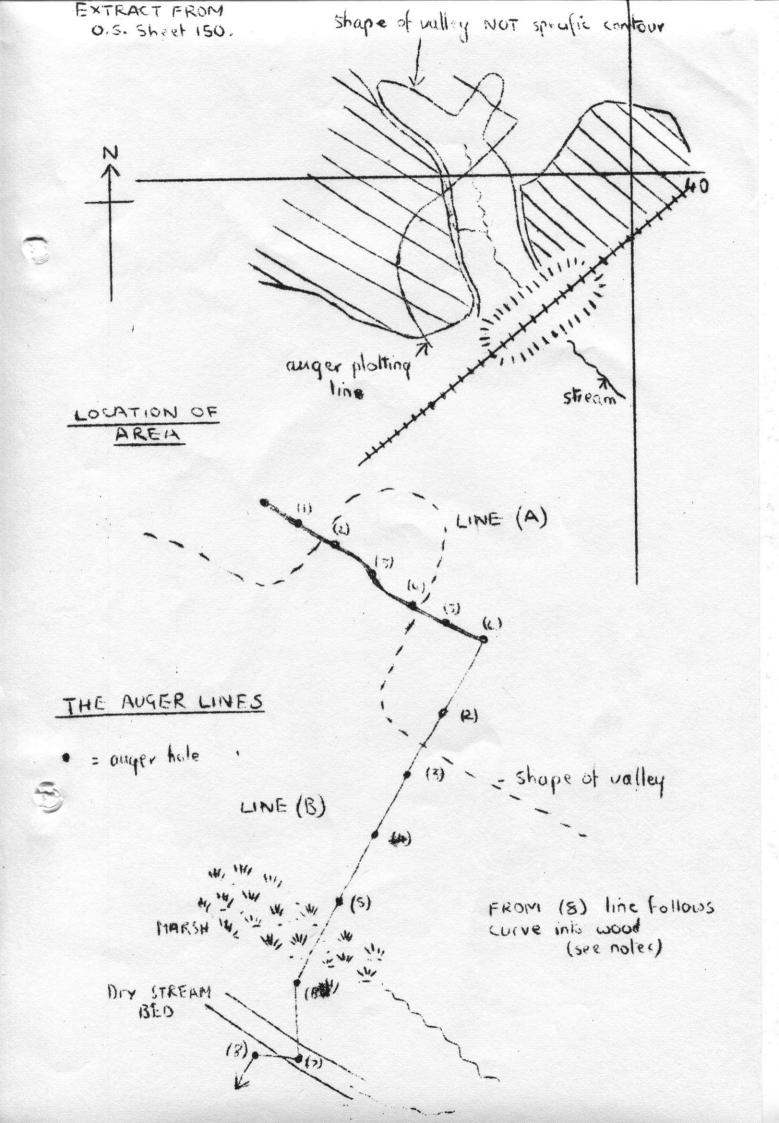
-published by Paul Hamlyn, London, they contain a great deal of information, are in colour, and inexpensive.

"East Anglia and Adjoining Areas" by C.P.Chatwim.

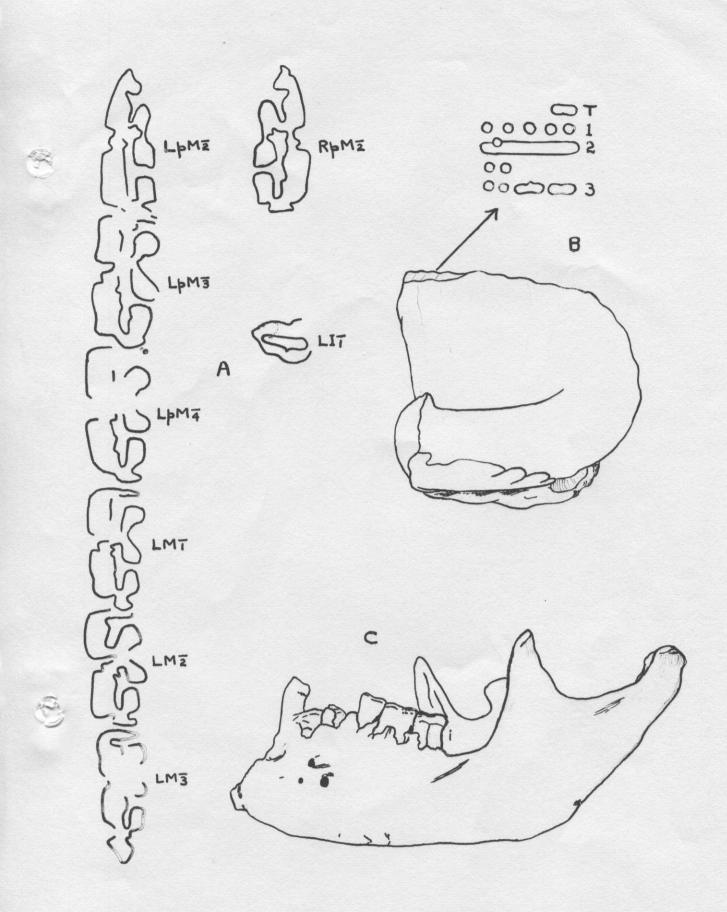
"London and Thames Valley" by R.L. Sherlock

-British Regional Geologies Series (Geological Museum, London); good introductory books to the geology of the areas mentioned; c.6/- each.

(continued on hone 24)



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Explanations of Illustrations, page 25.
Left: -grinding surfaces of teeth of horse-jaw from Forest-Bed, Paston
        (see page
        LpM2 -left pre-molar, lower second, etc.
        LM, -left molar, lower first, etc.
            -incisor.
Right, top: -grinding surface of deformed elephant-tooth (see page 15)
                              l, etc. -nos. of plates.
               T -talonid;
             (not to scale)
Right, centre: -diagrammatic view of deformed elephant-tooth (see p. 16)
                -after drawing in article by C. Wells (P. G. S.), reduced.
Right, lower: -the Foxhall Mandible (see p. 20)
               -after drawing in article by J. Reid Moir (P.P.S.E.A.) (after
               R. Collyer).
(continued from page 22)
      Geological Maps (Geological Survey)
        25 miles to One Inch, British Isles,
        One inch to one mile: -Sheet 206 -Sudbury
                                       207 -Ipswich
                                       208 & 225 -Woodbridge & Felixstowe.
                                                        c. 5/- each.
      British Museum (Natural History) publications-
                                                    -illustrations of Crag and
           "British Caenozoic Fossils"
                                           6/--
                                                         Eccene fossils.
                                         12/6d
          "British Mesozoic Fossils"
                                                    -illustrations of Chalk and
                                                         Jurassic fossils.
                               -two very useful books.for fossil identification.
          "Man the Toolmaker" by K.P.Cakley c.4/- -for flint implements.
"Instructions for Collectors, no. 11. Fossils, Minerals and Rocks"
Some classic localities to visit-
  Essex: - Walton-on-the-Naze cliff, CR/TM 2625, -London Clay, Red Crag, coast
                                                        and erosaon features.
  Suffolk: - Stutton cliff, TM 151330, -London Clay, Stutton Brickearth,
                                                         estuary features.
             Battisford, Stone Cottages pit, TM 061538 -pebbly Red Crag.
             Creeting Hill, Creeting St. Mary, TM c.094555, -Sands, Gipping
                                                         Glaciation deposits.
             Great Blakenham (Mason's'), TM 113800, -Chalk, Lowestoft and
                                            Gipping Tills, glacial features.
             Bramford ('Coe's'), TM 130482, Chalk, Thanet and Reading Beds,
            Red Crag (non-shelly), Gipping Till. Bawdsey cliff, TM 345385, -London Clay, Red Crag, coastal features.
             Sutton, Pettistree Hall, TM 304440, Coralline Crag.
             Butley, Neutral Farm, TM 372511, -Red Crag.
             Chillesford, Church pit, TM 383523, -Chillesford Crag, Chillesford
             Sudbourne Park, TM 407514, -Coralline Crag.
             Aldeburgh brickworks, TM 454571, -Coralline Crag, Pleistocene
             Easton Bavents cliffs, TM 514773 to 518792, -Norwich Crag,
                                         Baventian Clay, Westleton Beds.
                                -Cromer Forest Bed Series, North Sea Drift,
             Corton cliffs,
                                      Corton Beds, Lowestoft Till.
  Hoxne brickworks, TM 175767, -Hownian Beds.
Norfolk:-CEistor St. Edmund, TM 238046, -Beeston Chalk, Norwich Crag gravels.
           Pramerton, TG 295060 & 299061, -Norwich Crag.
           Mundesley cliffs, TG 325357, Cromer Forest Bed Series, Glacial
                                                                        Deposits.
           West Runton cliffs and foreshore, TG 185432, -Chalk, Cromer
                                         Forest Bed Series, Glacial deposits.
           Hunstanton cliff, TF 675420, -Carstone, Red Rock, Lower Chalk.
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see page 24 for explanation.

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COMMENT, AND NOTES ON 1966-1967
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The Geological Group publications and fieldwork meetings of the last year (1966-1967) may perhaps be said to have had their conception in the mid 1950s, when the writer, then at school, first began Masserious study of the geology of the Ipswich area, encouraged by, among others, Mr. H. Spencer, then of the Ipswich Museum. Soon after, Colin Hawes and Chris Allem, occasion—ally with others, were to join in fieldwork, two of the most important 'digs' being at Beggars Hollow, Ipswich (Summer 1960) and Tattingstone (April 1963). The matter of starting a local geological publication was considered in the early 1960s, but was prevented by several difficulties.

In 1965, on becoming based at the Ipswich Museum, the writer was soom to gather a keen group of 'giggers' -John Norman, S. ('Mac') MacFerlane, Peter Grainger, Claude Garrod and Miss S. ('Olley') Olley forming the nucleus, occasionally joined by others. Three of the activities which were to point to the future pattern were-

Sat. 19 - Mon. 21 March 1966 -Dr. P. Norton's 'dig' at Aldeby.

Sun. 24 April 1966 -coach-trip to Hunstanton and Sandringham Warren (with Mr. Hawes's school group).

Sat. 28 May 1966 -Paramoudra Club (Norwich Geological Group) fieldtrip to Gipping Valley (Bramford, Claydon, Creeting, Great Blakenham, Battisford), led by Mr. Spencer; local enthusiasts participated by kind invitation of the Paramoudra Club.

Publication started in the Summer of 1966, and since then the following have appeared-

Newsletters nos. 1 (18 June 1966, -3 pages), 2 (10 August 1966, -1 p.); 3 (3 November 1966, -1p.), 4 (30 December 1966, -1p.), 5 (11 April 1967, -1p.)) 6 (14 June 1967, -1p.).

Eulletins nos. 1 (August 1966, published Sept. 1966, -27 pp.), 2 (February 1967, " March 1967, -22 pp.).

Finance of publications, June 1956 to May 1967:-

| Expenditure | £ | 8 | ₫° |
|----------------------------|-----|------|------------|
| Postage, Newsletters 1-5 | 1 | 19 | 2 |
| " , Bulletins 1 & 2 | 1 | ĺ | 0 |
| Envelopes, Newsletters 1-5 | | 9 | 5 |
| " , Bulletins 1 & 2 | | 7 | Ō |
| Stenoils, Newsletters 1-5 | ••• | 7 | 0 |
| " , Bulletins 1 & 2 | 2 | Ź | 0 |
| Duplicating Ink | | 16. | 6 5 |
| " Paper | 4 | 14 | 3 |
| Paper fateners | | 10 | 4 |
| - /A | £ | Folk | 58 |

(Typing, duplicating, time, labour, certain postages, -not charged above)

 Income
 £ s d

 Subscriptions
 11 3 0

 Bulletins purchased
 - 15 0

 Donation
 8 8

 £12 6s 8d

(The income and expenditure figures : checked by J. Norman and R. Markham.

Wed. 22 June 1966 -Church Lane pit, Claydon (evening) Fri. 15 July 1966 -Tuddenham St. Martin (evening) Sun. 31 July 1966 -Levington Creek Sun. 14 Aug. 1966 -Harkstead Sat. 20 Aug. 1965 -Bramford (evening) Sun. 13 Nov. 1966 -Bramford old brickyard Sun. 8 Jan. 1967 -Battisford Suns 14 May 1967 -Sudbourne Perk Fieldtrips on which group members have been invited were-Sun. 3 July 1966 -Sudbourne, Butley, Sutton, Waldringfield (coach. -Conchological Society). Sun. 16 July 1967 -Sudbourne, Butley, Sutton, Waldringfield (Essex Field Club, Geology Group). Sat. 22 July 1967 -West Runton (Conchological Society). Finance of coachtrips has been disappointing. The joint fieldtrip of 3 July 1966, because of a number of people not turning up, made a loss of £1 10s., which had to be made up by private donation. Proposed fieldtrips (by coach) to Sevenoaks, and (joint fieldtrip) to Suffolk Crags have had to be canzelled.

Meetings have been-

From a study of the year's events and from comments received, the activities of the next year will be directed at

- (i) -continued publication of the Bulletin, the object being to encourage interest and research into local geology. Students in particular can use this as a medium to start their scientific and literary careers (it's really quite easy!) in the form of short notes. Professionals can give valuable help in the form of articles.
- (ii) -concentration of the Group's own field activities on two or three 'research digs'; these have proved useful and popular in the past. Individual studies will be encouraged.

We have been invited to participate in a joint field-meeting (to the Waveney Valley) in the near future; meetings of this type enable a welcome enlargement of our programme from time to time.

(iii) -production of the newsletters to inform members of local geological activities. Several local Societies hold geological lectures and fieldtrips, and it is policy to encourage these by advertising them in our newsletter.

Subscription is 10/- for one year.

| | ng in the lirst two builteting were- | |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------|
| No. 1 (August 19 | | ndudadir o |
| | "Geographis and Geological Notes on the Ipswich Di | |
| |)"An Account of Dunwich in 1589" | 4• |
| MacFarlane, S.J. | J "The Crag Exposure to the West of the Water Tower | |
| | Rushmere Heath" | 5 -7• |
| Markham, R. | "Marsupites from the Gipping Valley Chalk" | 6.∙ |
| Markham, R. | "Note of some Crag fossils in the Museum of the Ge | ology |
| | Department of Birmingham University" | 6. |
| \mathbf{EX}_{ullet} | "Illustrations of Common Crag Molluscs" | 8-10. |
| Holcombe, C. | "Section through junction of Red and Coralline Cra | gs, |
| · | "The Rocks" Ransholt" | 10-12. |
| \mathbf{EX}_{ullet} | "Bibliography:Paramoudra Club Bulletin" | 11 & 13. |
| (Frere.J.reprin | t) "Account of Flint-Weapons discovered at Hoxne in | |
| | t)Extracts from "Strata identified by Organised Fos | |
| EX. | "Bibliography: Proceedings of the Prehistoric Socie | |
| 2022 | East Anglia" | 16-19. |
| Allen, C. | "Fossils collected from the London Clay, 1963" | 19-20. |
| EX. | "Simplified Table of Local Strata" | 20. |
| Markham, R. | "An Excavation in the Coralline Crag at Tattingsto | |
| Markham, R. | "Waldringfield Crag" | 24 - 25. |
| • | "Notes on Weavers Pit, Tuddenham St. Martin" | 25 - 27• |
| Markham, R. | 1967) | 2) - 21• |
| No. 2 (February | • • • | 1 5 |
| EX. | "Fossils Recorded from the Gipping Valley Chalk" | 1-3. |
| Markham, R. | "Fossils from the Gipping Valley Chalk, and a Note | |
| | the Zones" | 3-4. |
| Allen, C. | "Chalk in the Orwell Valley" | 4. |
| EX. | "Bibliography -Transactions of the Norfolk and Nor | |
| | Naturalists' Society" | 5-7• |
| EX. | "Bibliography -W.G.Clarke" | 7. |
| EX. | "Bibliography -Proceedings of the Prehistoric Soci | |
| Allen, C. | "The Geography of the 'Crag Sea'" | 10-11. |
| Allen, C. | "Red Crag Barnacles at Bramford" | 11. |
| / | "Sizewell Norwich Crag; Rifle Range Site (1953)" | 12. |
| Markham, R. | | 12 - 13• |
| Markham, R. | "Note on Nucella in the Weybourne Crag (April 1963 |)" 14. |
| Markham, R. | "A Forest-Bed Pig" | 14. |
| Markham, R. | "Notes on the Forest-Bed Deer Jaws in Norwich Cast | le |
| | Museum' | 14-18. |
| Markham, R. | "Upper Pleistocene Mammals of Norfolk" | 18-22. |
| · | l by the editor) R.M | |
| | P, IPSWICH. BULLETIN NO. 3. AUGUST 1967. | |
| | | |
| | arkham, c/o The Museum, High Street, Ipswich, Suffo | |
| | nes to thank the people who have made this bulletin | |
| | subscribers, duplicator, and Ipswich Museum for fac | |
| • | is typed by editor. It has been again necessary to | |
| the notes on the | Church Lane, Claydon, pit. Permission to visi | t pits and |

27-

sections should always be obtained from the owner or occupier of the land.